

October 2023

Contents

01 Introduction

1.1. Purpose Of This Framework	3
1.2. SBG Overview	4
1.3. Potential Issuers And Borrower	4
1.4. SBG's Sustainability Strategy	4
1.5. ESG Risk Governance	8



O2 Sustainable Finance Framework Overview

2.1. Use Of Proceeds Eligibility Criteria	12
2.2. Pure Play	29
2.3. Refinancing	29
2.4. Process of Selection and Evaluation	29
of Eligible Assets	
2.5. Management and Tracking of	30
Proceeds	
2.6. Allocation and Impact Reporting	30
2.7. External Review	33





1. Introduction

October 2023

IN THIS SECTION

1.1

Purpose of this framework

1.2 SBG Overview

1.3

Potential Issuers and

1.4

SGB's sustainability

1.5

ESG risk governance



This Framework
describes the
process to
select, evaluate,
report, track and
verify eligible
assets

Standard Bank Group Limited together with its subsidiaries (collectively "SBG" or the "Group") is a financial institution that offers banking and financial services to individuals, businesses, institutions, and corporations in Africa and abroad.

As founder signatory to the United Nations ("UN") Principles for Responsible Banking ("PRB"), SBG is committed to ensuring that its business strategy is consistent with and contributes to society's needs and priorities.

1.1 Purpose of this framework

This document, the "Sustainable Finance Framework" (the "Framework"), outlines the methodology and associated policies and procedures to facilitate the raising of finance in the form of sustainable financing instruments including Green/Social/Sustainable ("GSS") bonds or loans (including hybrid instruments), repurchase agreements and securitisation instruments by the Group.

The Framework describes the process to select, evaluate, report, track and verify eligible assets. The Framework considers eligible assets based on i) use of proceeds on green and social criteria and ii) eligible Pure Play¹ assets, the use of whose proceeds are not specific but where eligibility for classification as a sustainable finance asset is assessed based on the company profile. The Framework further describes how the proceeds of the bonds or loans are managed and allocated, and how SBG verifies and reports on the management and allocation of proceeds and environmental and/or social impacts of assets.

1.2 SBG Overview

SBG constitutes the largest financial services group in Africa measured by assets.

Headquartered in Johannesburg, South Africa, SBG operates in 20 countries in sub-Saharan Africa, with operations in 5 global financial centres and 3 offshore hubs. SBG operates through distinct client segments which provide integrated banking, investment, insurance, and advisory solutions.

Established in 1862, SBG's vision is to be the leading financial services organisation in, for and across Africa, delivering exceptional client experiences and superior value. SBG operates through subsidiaries in presence countries in Africa. The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited ("SBSA") is the single largest operating entity within SBG and the largest bank by assets in South Africa.



1.3 Potential Issuers and Borrowers

SBG or any other Group entity/subsidiary may execute GSS bonds or loans (including hybrid instruments), repurchase agreements and securitisation instruments under this Framework.

- 20 Countries in sub-Saharan Africa
- 5 Global finance centres
- 3 Offshore hubs



1.4 SBG's Sustainability Strategy



The Group's stated purpose is "Africa is our home, we drive her growth".

We are committed to our continent and to supporting a sustainable growth path that benefits both current and future generations. Our sustainability strategy aligns with our purpose to drive inclusive and sustainable economic growth in Africa and is based on the two pillars of Social, Economic, & Environmental ("SEE") and Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG").

¹ Pure Play companies are companies who derive ≥ 90% of revenue or EBITDA from eligible green or social activities (in line with the activities described in Section 2.1 of this Framework)



We measure our ability to create shared value in terms of our six strategic value drivers – **client focus, employee engagement, risk and conduct, operational excellence, financial outcome, and SEE impact**. SBG's strategy embeds social, economic, and environmental considerations into our decisions and business practices.



JN Sustainable Development Goals

We have identified seven core areas of our business in which we believe we have the greatest impact on society and the environment and in respect of which we commit to maximise benefit and minimise harm.

1.4.1 Social Economical Environmental Impact Areas



Sustainable Finance is an enabler across these impact areas. Our SEE commitments align with the UN PRB, Paris Agreement, UN SDGs, South Africa's National Development Plan, African Union Agenda 2063, and Nationally Determined Contributions to climate mitigation in our countries of operation.

We are committed to being transparent and report annually on our progress against these seven impact areas in our Report to Society available here: SBG Report To Society 2022.

Our ESG reporting suite can be found on our investor relations website here: SBG Sustainability Reporting













1. Financial Inclusion: We enable more people to access financial products and services, supporting economic development and reducing inequality



2. Enterprise Growth & Job Creation: We work with our clients to understand their challenges and priorities, provide them with appropriate financial solutions to support business growth and deliver digital solutions to meet their unique needs. This includes targeted support to enable SMEs to develop and grow their businesses



3. Climate Change: We work with our clients to develop appropriate solutions for mitigating and adapting to the effects of climate change and develop innovative financial products and services that support the green economy, reduce carbon emissions, increase climate resilience, and enhance socioeconomic development



4. Infrastructure: We support the development of infrastructure to enable inclusive and sustainable industrialisation by financing large-scale infrastructure projects and partnering with our clients to ensure environmental and social risks are appropriately managed and minimised



5. Africa Trade & Investment: We facilitate the deepening of trade and investment flows between African countries, and with key global markets including China, through the provision of innovative trade finance solutions and cross-border payments and investment solutions



6. Education: We support access to inclusive, quality education and the promotion of lifelong learning opportunities help Africa harness the opportunities of the fourth industrial revolution



7. Health: We support better health outcomes for Africa's people by financing healthcare providers, and health infrastructure and equipment, providing business development support to healthcare practitioners, investing in our people's health, safety, and wellbeing, and investing in health-focused corporate social investment (CSI) programmes



1.4.2 Climate Policy

We published our inaugural Group Climate Policy in March 2022, which was supplemented with the Climate Strategy and Implementation Plan in 2023

These documents incorporate targets for short-, medium- and long-term action to achieve our target of net zero from our own operations, for new buildings by 2030, from existing operations by 2040 and from our portfolio of financed emissions by 2050. We have ambitious targets to mobilise Sustainable Finance and to finance renewable energy power plants. The policy also sets out commitments and targets along with minimum standards to be adhered to when considering the financing of carbon-intensive and non-renewable energy activities.

Our climate policy and targets will be reviewed regularly to determine whether amendments are required. We are committed to being transparent and to report annually on our progress against our climate targets in our annual <u>Climate-related Financial Disclosures report</u> and our annual <u>ESG report</u>. See our <u>Climate Strategy and Implementation Plan</u> and our latest Report to Society suite.



SBG has robust governance frameworks and controls in place to manage Sustainability and ESG risks associated with our business

1.5 ESG Risk Governance

Our ESG risk governance framework provides executive management with an integrated view of our ESG risks. It defines structures and accountability for the oversight, governance, and execution of ESG risk management. Effective ESG risk management helps us to minimise and mitigate potential negative impacts to society and the environment arising from our operations.

Our ESG risk management framework is informed by regulatory requirements in our countries of operation, and global standards governing environmental and social risk management including International Finance Corporation ("**IFC**") Performance Standards and Equator Principles ("**EP**")

The SBG board is responsible for fostering a culture of ethics and appropriate conduct and for overseeing risk management, including environmental and social ("**E&S**") risk. Board committees regularly review the Group's policies, including those related to sustainability. The board delegates oversight to its committees as shown below.

ESG risk management is integrated into the Group's enterprise risk management ("**ERM**") framework. In terms of climate-related risk, the board approved the Group's climate policy as referred to above. A Group climate risk management framework is currently being developed that includes the setting of climate risk appetite statements, climate scenario analysis and stress-testing, and the integration of climate risk into origination and credit approvals.

Our climate policy is part of a roadmap to reduce the Group's exposure to the physical risks of climate change and risks arising from the transition to a net zero carbon economy

1.5.1 Environmental And Social Risk Mangement

The assessment of E&S risk is embedded in risk assessment and management processes across the Group, from origination and client on-boarding through to credit and transaction approval and other periodic review processes.

The E&S risk assessment process includes an E&S screening tool (consistent with IFC Performance Standards), exceptions list, compliance with national laws and adherence to EP (where relevant). Internal E&S Risk and related policy documents document high risk sectors where additional due diligence is required.

The Group E&S Risk Governance Standard and the exceptions list are summarised in the 2022 ESG Report.

Group Leadership Council (GLC)

- Constituted by the group chief executive, highest management structure
- Ensures appropriate governance structures, policies, processes are in place to identify and resolve risks and strengthen risk culture
- Approves group policies and standards
- · Monitors adherence to group policies and standards, including code of ethics and conduct, and climate policy
- Drives business alignment with ESG risk management and ensures business ownership and accountability
- Oversees conduct dashboards
- Oversees implementation of climate policy and targets
- Reports to SBG board on progress
- Meets monthly

Social And Ethics Management Committee

- Reports to group social and ethics committee
- Chaired by SBSA CEO
- Oversees group's SEE impacts, including climate related impacts
- Monitors stakeholder issues and concerns based on group-wide input
- Ensures alignment with code of ethics and conduct, human rights statement, E&S risk management framework, climate policy and targets
- Meets quarterly

Group risk oversight committee (GROC)

- Reports to group risk and capital management committee
- Chaired by group chief risk and corporate affairs officer
- Oversees financial and operational related risk, including ESG risk management by risk committees and mandated forums, including client and transaction screening and due diligence to assess potential social/human rights and environmental impact
- Approves relevant risk governance policies
- Promotes risk management culture
- Reviews and recommends group risk appetite
- Ensures effective E&S risk management in line with group risk appetite
- Ensures climate-related risk identification, classification, analysis, monitoring and reporting is embedded in enterprise-wide risk management system, including client and transaction screening and due diligence
- Meets quarterly

Group non-financial risk committee

 Oversees non-financial risks and governance. Includes 17 risk type heads and second line business unit risk heads.

Group compliance committee

 Promotes a compliance culture and ensures the effective management of compliance risk across the group



2. Sustainable Finance Framework Overview

October 2023

IN THIS SECTION

2.1

Use of Proceeds Eligibility Criteria

2.2

ure Play

2.3

Refinancing

2.4

Process of Selection and Evaluation of Eligible

2.5

Management and tracking of proceeds

2.6

Allocation and impact recording

2.7

External Review



This Framework promotes SBG's lending to GSS projects (aimed at addressing positive environmental and social change)

Under this Framework the Group may execute GSS instruments, either in bond, loan, repurchase agreement, securitisation instrument or hybrid format, publicly or privately, to finance and/or refinance i) GSS projects or assets; as well as ii) Pure Play assets ("Eligible Assets").

Bonds issued under this Framework may take the form of public transactions or private placements, in bearer or registered format, issued under the Group's various Debt Issuance Programmes where relevant or as the Issuer determines at its discretion, and may take the form of senior unsecured or subordinated issuances.

This Framework promotes SBG's lending to GSS projects (aimed at addressing positive environmental and social change), social projects (aimed at reducing economic and social inequality) and sustainable projects being a combination of these. In addition, the Framework considers Pure Play companies where the company profile determines eligibility. The Group may, from time to time, update its Framework in line with developments in the market.



The Framework
has been
developed in
line with
international
best practice
and guidance.

International guidelines include, but are not limited to, principles published by the International Capital Market Association ("**ICMA**") and the Loan Market Association ("**LMA**")²:

- 1 ICMA's Green Bond Principles ("GBP")
- 2 ICMA's Social Bond Principles ("SBP")
- 3 ICMA's Sustainability Bond Guidelines ("SBG")
- 4 LMA's Green Loan Principles ("GLP")
- 5 LMA's Social Loan Principles ("SLP")

This Framework aligns with the four core components of relevant principles and guidelines:

SBG continues to assess relevant taxonomies in its development of Eligibility Criteria and will endeavour to confirm alignment with relevant taxonomies on a per transaction basis where possible.

The Framework will be updated as the sustainable finance market develops and further guidelines, principles and taxonomies develop. As such, we will review the removal or inclusion of additional eligibility categories in future versions of this Framework.



² This Framework has been updated in accordance with the 2023 ICMA and LMA Principles version updates.



2.1 Use of proceeds eligibility criteria

2.1.1 Green assets eligibility criteria³

Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Renewable Energy ("RE") 7 AFFORDABLE AND CICAL ENERGY	Enterprise Growth and Job creation Climate Change Infrastructure	 Acquisition of, construction, generation or maintenance of renewable power and associated infrastructure for - Wind, Solar (photovoltaic (PV) or concentrated solar power (CSP) / thermal), Ocean power Small scale hydropower (<25 MWh; run-of-river hydropower with low storage capacity) Hydropower with: Life cycle carbon intensity of below 100gCO₂e/kWh; Or Power density above 10W/m² for facilities that became operational after 2019 and above 5W/m² for those before the end of 2019. Biogas or biomass power from waste materials or certified sustainable crops Geothermal power projects: emit ≤100 gCO₂e/kWh Production of green hydrogen and associated green ammonia production and transportation 	 Renewable energy projects used to power fossil fuel activities (e.g., coal mining) Waste biomass feedstock sourced from intensive industrial livestock operations or livestock management practices. Waste biomass feedstock from non-RSPO-certified certified palm oil operations Biomass feedstock from peat and palm oil Biomass feedstock sourced from areas with high biodiversity and carbon stock, such as forests, wetlands, and peatlands Limitations: At least 85% of electricity generated from CSP facilities must be derived from solar energy resources For ocean thermal projects, fossil fuel backup must be limited to power monitoring, operating and maintenance equipment, as well as resilience or protection measures or restart capabilities Hydropower plants must undergo environmental and social impact assessment For biogas or biomass power: Lifecycle greenhouse gas (GHG) emission intensity must be below 100 gCO₂e/kWh for plants that utilise certified sustainable

³ Green activities that are in areas that have at least 50% of their surface within 10 km from the coastline, rivers, lakes, and wetlands may be categorised as Blue. Double counting of impacts will be avoided.



Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
			 Crops Waste from existing livestock farm operations may be used provided that animal fat is limited to up to 10% of the total feedstock Eligible certifications and schemes for sustainable crops are limited to: (i) Roundtable for Sustainable Biomaterials (RSB), (ii) International Sustainability and Carbon Certification (ISCC), (iii) the achievement of voluntary credit on GHG emission reduction, (iv) BONSUCRO, and (v) the Roundtable on Responsible Soy (RTRS) A Food Security Impact Assessment (FSIA) is required to demonstrate certified sustainable crops do not compete with food / feed production For green hydrogen and associated green ammonia production and transportation: Production must be limited to electrolysis powered by renewables Green ammonia must be limited to that which will be re-converted to hydrogen for use as a fuel source Transportation by ship must meet the clean transport criteria for shipping under this Framework



Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
	Manufacture of components for RE technology Climate Change Infrastructure	Manufacturing, development or import of components of renewable energy technologies that support the above sub-themes. Examples include wind turbines, solar panels, battery storage	For corporate finance, at least 90% of the organisation's revenues must come from manufacturing of components for renewables.
	Construction/ maintenance/ expansion of associated distribution networks Climate Change	Development, improvement, maintenance, resilience, and expansion of transmission and distribution infrastructure of at least 90% renewable energy to the grid	



Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Electricity Distribution Networks 7 AFFORDABLE AND DIEARIEMERRY	Climate change mitigation Climate Change Infrastructure	 Modernization that aims at retrofitting transmission lines or substations to reduce energy use and/or technical losses by 15% and to avoid electricity cuts Distributed assets that aim to improve existing systems to facilitate the integration of renewable energy sources into the grid 	Retrofitting transmission lines or substations: where the associated grid has <90% renewable energy mix and the renewable energy percentage is expected to increase in the future, a pro-rata approach must be adopted to finance just those upgrades that correspond to the renewable energy mix of the grid
Energy Efficiency 7 AFFORDABLE AND CIEAR ENERGY	Energy efficiency Climate Change	 Development, manufacture and / or installation of components or technologies to enable energy efficiencies e.g., smart metres, energy efficient appliances and peak demand management technology Upgrades and improvements to industrial and manufacturing processes that are proven to increase energy efficiency of industrial processes Industrial/utility energy efficiency improvements involving changes in processes, reduction of heat loss excluding processes that are inherently carbon intensive 	Carbon intensive industries ⁴ Limitation: Household appliances must align with the highest two populated classes of the relevant EU Energy label Manufacture of household appliances will adhere to the 'Do No Significant Harm Criteria' of the EU Taxonomy

⁴ Carbon Intensive industries include Fossil fuels, Steel, Aluminium, Cement, Natural Gas, Conventional shipping (including LNG ships) and its infrastructure, Airport & Aviation, Mining and extractive sectors, and blue hydrogen production.



Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Pollution Prevention and Control 12 RESPONSIBLE 12 CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION COOL	Reduced air emissions Climate Change	 Replacement of heating / cooling systems in existing industrial, commercial, or residential infrastructure with electric powered systems with lower global warming potential Acquisition or development of projects that reduce air emissions Research and development ("R&D") focused on renewable and resource-efficient/low-carbon products (including packaging), processes, and technologies The procurement of recycled/waste/resource-efficient materials as an input technology 	 Projects related to operations in carbon intensive industries⁴ Limitation: R&D for resource-efficient products, processes and technologies must be limited to those using bio-based materials, such as biopolymers/bioplastics
	Improved waste management Climate Change	Acquisition or development of projects that: Convert waste to-energy Capture methane gas Prevent waste generation and facilitate recycling (waste reduction) Storage and bulking facilities dedicated to transfer waste to downstream waste reduction assets	 Feedstocks must be separated into recyclable, non-combustible and hazardous materials before incineration Capture of methane gas investments are limited to projects that are based on decommissioned or non-operational landfill facilities and have a gas capture efficiency of more than 75% A robust waste management plan is required for electronic waste management



Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Climate Change Adaptation 13 GUMATE CONTROL 13 CLIMATE	Climate change adaptation Climate Change	 Infrastructure and activities that address physical climate risk and increase the resilience of ecosystems, e.g., expansion or maintenance of flood defence systems, wildfire mitigation and management and biodiversity protection. Monitoring technologies including climate observation and information support system. Projects or activities that increase the resilience of agribusinesses against climate risks 	 Projects relating to intensive industrial livestock operations or livestock management practices Limitation: Agricultural operations will be sustainability certified by Rainforest Alliance, Better Cotton Initiative, or USDA Organic
Green Building 11 SISTANABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	Climate Change Infrastructure	 Development, acquisition, retrofit and/or refurbishment of existing or new residential or commercial (including public sector) buildings achieving acceptable certifications and ratings; or Minimum 20% improvement in energy use and / or carbon emissions compared to the building's own pre-renovation levels 	Limitation: Acceptable certifications are limited to: Leadership in Energy and Environment Design ('LEED') "Gold" certification, Green Star 4 category or above, EWP Level 6 or above rating (and achieving a minimum of 20% Energy Efficiency), BREEAM "Excellent" or above, EDGE certified by the International Finance Corporation's ("IFC") EDGE partner or above, or Other equivalent internationally recognised certification/ threshold set by the Climate Bonds Initiative



Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Clean Transportation 11 SISTAINABLE CHIES AND COMMUNITIES	Sustainable transportation Climate Change Infrastructure Africa Trade and Investment	 Transportation projects or initiatives that meet the following thresholds individually or at a portfolio level: Freight trucks and rail (maximum 25gCO₂/km), Busses and passenger rail (maximum 50gCO₂/km), Fully electric, biofuel or hydrogen-powered passenger/cargo ships Import, manufacture, development, acquisition, or construction of: Electric vehicles (EVs), Private or light commercial hybrid vehicles with individual emissions below 109 gCO₂/km, Charging stations or supporting infrastructure for EVs and hybrid vehicles. Shipping projects related to: Retrofit of existing ships involving fuel switching (to low-carbon fuels). Shipping infrastructure including bunkering facilities for biofuels, hydrogen, ammonia, and methanol; infrastructure for alternative maritime power including outlets; electrical distribution and control systems⁵ Transport infrastructure projects, in particular, the manufacturing, development, or purchase of specialised parts such as EV batteries or ICT systems such as microcontrollers and wireless communication infrastructure that aim to improve the general transport logistics to increase energy efficiency by at least 15% per unit of service (e.g., BTU/ passenger-km) 	 Freight trucks dedicated to the transportation of fossil fuels or fossil fuel blended with alternative fuels Ships that run on conventional heavy fuel oil (HFO) or bunker fuel, low-sulphur heavy fuel oil (LSHFO), or marine diesel oil (MDO) Financing of stand-alone vehicle parking facilities Financing of vehicle ancillary parts such as vehicle frames and seats Fossil fuel-based transport infrastructure Limitations: Fossil fuels may not account for more than 50% of rail freight (by t-km) Cargo ships with oil tankers or vessels may not transport more than 50% (by mass) coal, oil, and petroleum Note: ICT systems that remove barriers to modal shift to public transit, and/or incentivizes the use of low-carbon vehicles and car-sharing schemes will be prioritized

 $^{^{5}}$ All financed infrastructure will be for ships that meet the eligibility criteria in this Framework



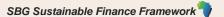
Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Sustainable Management of Natural Resources 2 TERO UNITED TO THE MATER 15 UFE ON LAND 15 UFE UNITED TO THE MATER 16 UNITED TO THE MATER 17 UFE UNITED TO THE MATER 18 UNITED	Environmentally sustainable management of living natural resources and land use Climate Change	 Projects that contribute to environmentally sustainable agriculture through - Sustainable agricultural techniques Climate smart agriculture activities which document an increase in productivity of at least 10% without increasing GHG emissions or reduce post-harvest losses by at least 10%. Reduction in water consumption per unit of production by at least 10% (efficient irrigation, laser soil levelling, water harvest and storage facilities) Agricultural projects that improve existing carbon pools (e.g., rangeland management; collection and use of bagasse, rice husks, or other agricultural waste; reduced tillage techniques that increase carbon contents of soil; soil recovery and restoration of degraded pastures; peatland restoration) Products / operations certified by Rainforest Alliance, USDA Organic, Better Cotton Initiative (BCI) Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) or Program for the Endorsement of Forest Certification (PEFC) certified projects that involve reforestation, afforestation, rehabilitation of degraded land, preservation, or restoration of natural landscape. 	Intensive industrial livestock operations or livestock management practices Limitation: Reforestation/afforestation projects must utilize tree species that are well-adapted to the site conditions



Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Terrestrial and Aquatic Biodiversity Conservation 15 UFE MATER BLOW MATER WATER WAT	Biodiversity conservation Climate Change	 Projects involved in conservation through the preservation and/or restoration of biodiversity and valuable natural habitats Projects related to the ongoing monitoring and surveillance of land or marine protected areas 	
Sustainable Water 6 CLEANWAITER AND SANTATION	Sustainable water & wastewater management Climate Change Infrastructure Health	Sustainable infrastructure for clean and/or potable water, water efficiency improvement, water recycling, rainwater harvesting, wastewater treatment, desalination and sustainable urban drainage systems	Exclusion: Wastewater from fossil-fuel operations Limitation: Desalination projects must: Have an environmental risk mitigation strategy that addresses the management of brine Be primarily powered by renewables or low-carbon sources (with an average carbon intensity at or below 100 C0₂e/kWh)



Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Circular Economy 12 REPONSIBLE ODESLIMPTION AND PRODUCTION COOL	Environmentally sustainable management of living natural resources and land use Climate Change	 Collection, sorting, cleaning, refurbishment, reconditioning and/or repair of products for re-use Acquisition of or production of resource-efficient products (including packaging) using recycled waste and/or bio-based materials. The projects should have reasonable basis / evidence to support substantial reduction of lifecycle emissions (relative to comparable fossil product) 	 Refurbishment, reconditioning and/or repair of products specialized for use in the extraction of fossil fuels or that inherently rely on fossil fuels Limitations: Activities that result in products being put back to their original use must minimise energy intensive pre-processing For production of aluminium-based consumer/end product (such as beverage cans): projects are eligible if (i) >90% of inputs are scrap/recycled aluminium or (ii) 75-90% of input is scrap/recycled aluminium and the remaining (primary) aluminium has a carbon intensity <2.5 tCO₂e/t aluminium Biobased materials must be certified with RSB



Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Blue Finance 6 AND SANITATION WATER 14 LIFE RELOW WATER WATE	Blue economy ⁶ Climate Change Infrastructure	 Projects that align with the Blue Finance Guidance Framework published by the IFC in January 2022⁷ including the following: Research and design of products with a sustainable supply of raw materials that can displace existing harmful products or reduce nitrogen and phosphorus loads of the aquatic environment Pollution prevention infrastructure into areas connected to rivers or coastal⁸ water basins (e.g., settling ponds, wastewater treatment plants, pollution control dams, cut off drains) Sustainable shipping and port logistics sectors: investments in the research, design, development, and implementation of water and waste and pollution management and reduction measures in shipping vessels, shipping yards and ports 	 Equipment based on fossil fuels Shipping yards dedicated to fossil fuel ships Limitation: Shipping vessels must follow: (i) the clean transportation criteria detailed in this Framework; OR (ii) Climate Bonds Initiative (CBI) shipping criteria on low-carbon emissions intensity
	Sustainable fishing Climate Change Infrastructure	Projects involved in fisheries and aquaculture: Products/operations certified by the Marine Stewardship Council (MSC), Aquaculture Stewardship Council (ASC), or Global Sea Food Alliance, and that do not deplete endangered fish stocks That do not impact critical habitats and ecosystems, through the release of waste, contaminated water and nutrients, usage of pharmaceuticals and pesticides above safe limits and ecological interaction	 Must be certified with Chain of Custody to ensure traceability of ASC products Must achieve the following Acceptable Global Sea Food Alliance Certification levels: 2-star certification and more on Best Aquaculture Practice, Best Sea Food Practice certification

⁶ Note that certain green categories may qualify to be labelled as blue if they meet the criteria under footnote 3

⁷ International Finance Corporation: Guidelines for Blue Finance

⁸ Coastal areas are areas that border the coastline or areas that have at least 50% of their surface within 10 km from the coastline. River basin areas are the area of land from which all surface run-off flows through a sequence of streams, rivers, and, possibly, lakes into the sea at a single river mouth, estuary, or delta.



Green Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Carbon Financing 13 CLIMATE ACTION	Climate change adaptation Climate Change	 Financing the scaling of the voluntary carbon credits market through projects that are otherwise eligible within this Framework, and are certified under at least one of the following standards: American Carbon Registry Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) Climate Action Reserve The Gold Standard Verified Carbon Standard (VCS) Plan Vivo Standards eligible under the Regulations under Section 19 of the South African Carbon Tax Act Standards for mitigation outcomes that are agreed by parties to cooperative approaches under Article 6 paragraph 2 of the Paris Agreement; and Sustainable Development Mechanism under Article 6 paragraph 4 of the Paris Agreement Financing the acquisition of carbon credits 	 Acquisition of carbon credits for fossil fuel companies Limitations: Acquisition of carbon credits for offsetting should represent less than 10% of the total carbon reduction costs of the Purchaser: Carbon credits should not be purchased to offset scope 1 emissions of the purchaser

2.1.2 Social assets eligibility criteria

Social Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Affordable Housing 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	Affordable housing Financial Inclusion Infrastructure	 Financing or re-financing of any project that involves the construction of and refurbishment and conversion to affordable, low income⁹, community or social housing projects Home loans in the affordable, low-income, community or social housing segment 	Housing projects should have a well-defined target population (e.g., historically marginalized or low-income groups ⁹) as per a recognized national benchmark or external standard Social Housing requires built-in reasonable assurance of affordability through mechanisms such as rent capping or rent controls
Access To Essential Services 3 GOOD HEALTH LOUGHTY 4 EDUCATION	Education	 Financing or re-financing of any new, or improvements to existing education facilities or programs that would improve the efficiency, quality and capacity of the facility or program (child-care, pre-primary, primary, secondary, tertiary) Financing or re-financing of any project that aims to provide increased access to tertiary education or vocational and technical skills training and access to campus infrastructure 	Education facilities must target previously disadvantaged and or low-income groups ⁹
	<u>Health</u>	 Financing or refinancing of any project that aims to improve or expand access to health care products and services, including research and development to support access to healthcare¹⁰ and the roll out of essential medicines and vaccines and the provision of community health care services 	Health facilities must target previously disadvantaged and or low-income groups ⁹ R&D and rollout of essential medicines and vaccines must be at no cost and accessible to all beneficiaries

⁹ Low income defined as: "Households/individuals earning below national wage median income or below average national wage where credible median income data is not available"

¹⁰ In the event of global pandemics or other healthcare crises

Social Bond/Loan Principle Category Affordable Basic Infrastructure 6 AND SANITATION 9 NOSIRY, INDIVIDIN





Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas

Transportation

Telecommunications

Infrastructure addressing basic needs



Infrastructure

Eligibility Criteria

- Financing the development and material upgrades of roads and public transportation infrastructure projects based in underdeveloped areas of Africa
- Financing the provision of telecommunications infrastructure to underserved populations in Africa
- Financing water (including desalination plants), sanitation and energy projects that aim to enhance access to underserved populations
- Financing nature-based projects that improve reliability of water supply during extended periods of droughts, in particular, protection from heat stress, reservoirs, etc.

Exclusions and Limitations

Exclusions:

- Infrastructure exclusively focused on transportation of fossil fuels
- Construction of power plants

Limitations:

- Road development projects must be in areas where road connectivity does not exist (per a reasonable study) or where road upgrades would lead to improved economic connectivity
- Public transportation infrastructure including public (passenger) railway infrastructure must be intended for enhancing access to underserved communities in the region
- Energy projects are limited to the development, improvement, resilience and expansion of energy storage, transmission and distribution infrastructure
- Desalination projects require reasonable assurance of an appropriate waste management plan for brine disposal
- For nature-based projects: All drought mitigation projects must undergo vulnerability assessment or diagnosis of realised climate impacts and potential climate risks and should have a management response plan that addresses the identified climate risks

Social Bond/Loan Principle Category

Employment
Generation, And
Programs
Designed To
Prevent And/or
Alleviate
Unemployment
Stemming From
Socioeconomic
Crises, Including
Through The
Potential Effect Of
SME Financing
And Microfinance



Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas

MSME (Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises)¹¹ and Personal/Consumer Finance



Financial Inclusion

Employment generation and job creation



Financial Inclusion



Enterprise Growth and Job creation



Africa trade and investment

Eligibility Criteria

- Financial services (including microfinance, personal finance, banking services, financing, insurance, savings) to individuals in the following target populations:
 - Women
 - Youth
 - Low-income individuals
 - Previously disadvantaged persons
 - Individuals in underserved areas
- Financial services (including banking services, financing, insurance, savings) to MSMEs in countries with developing economies as categorized in the UN WESP report

*IFC MSME Definitions:

IFC MSME	Definition			MSME Loan Size Proxy
Indicator	Employees	Total	Annual	Loan Size
		Assets	Sales US\$	at
		US\$		Origination
Micro	<10	<\$100,000	<\$100,000	<\$10,000
Enterprise				
Small	10-49	\$100,000	\$100,000	<\$100,000
Enterprise		- <\$3	- <\$3	
		million	million	
Medium	50-300	\$3 million	\$3 million	\$1 or \$2
Enterprise		- \$15	- \$15	million
,		million	million	

 Financing of employment creation projects/programs and training and development programs aimed at increasing access to opportunities for well-defined target populations as per a recognized external standard (e.g., historically marginalized or low-income groups)

Exclusions and Limitations

Limitations:

 Financial services to individuals should, where feasible incorporate a financial advantage to the target population beyond improved access.

¹¹ As defined by the International Finance Corporation (IFC): An enterprise qualifies as a micro, small or medium enterprise if it meets two out of three criteria of the IFC MSME Definition (employees, assets, and sales), OR if the loan to it falls within the relevant MSME loan size proxy. See definition here.



Social Bond/Loan Principle Category	Sub Theme and SEE Impact Areas	Eligibility Criteria	Exclusions and Limitations
Food Security and Sustainable Food Systems 2 ZERO ((((Sustainable farming Enterprise Growth and Job creation Climate change Health	 Financing the development and provision of nutrition programs that address food security by not -for -profit organisations and MSMEs. Financing projects contributing to climate smart farming practices, including infrastructure and community-based subsistence farming contributing to food security for smallholder farmers. Cold chain and storage for agricultural products. 	Intensive livestock practices. Limitation: Projects contributing to climate smart farming practices are limited to 5 hectares.
Socioeconomic Advancement and Empowerment 5 GENDER EQUALITY 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	Funding regional and national development banks, NGOs, & supranational organisations Africa trade and investment	 Capital raising for and lending to regional and national development banks, NGOs, and supranational organisations, including but not limited to AfDB, DBSA, IDC, Landbank, TDB etc. where the purpose of the funding is for investments that are aligned with the eligible activities under this Framework and are clearly communicated in the legal documentation. 	



Social Bond/Loan **Sub Theme and SEE Principle Eligibility Criteria Exclusions and Limitations Impact Areas** Category Limitation: 2x Challenge ¹²financing for women criteria ¹³: Women in the economy 1. Direct: For companies, MSME criteria must be met Entrepreneurship (>51% share of For Consumption: For FI transactions, to women ownership or founded by a recognise full transaction value, i) product or Financial Inclusion service should disproportionately i.e., >50%, woman); or benefit women and ii) one other Direct b) <u>Leadership</u> (30% share of women in criterion must be met. If no other Direct senior management or 30% of women criteria is met, the pro-rata % of the on Board or Investment Committee); transaction should be recognized. Enterprise Growth and Employment (30-50% share of women Job creation in the workforce and one 'quality' indicator beyond compliance, subject to sector specific thresholds in line with criteria set out in the 2X Challenge website); or d) Consumption (product or service should disproportionately i.e., >50%, benefit women). 2. Indirect: If Indirect criteria is met, and one other Direct Investments through Financial criterion is met at Financial Intermediary level, Intermediaries ("FI") (i) on lending the full transaction value can be recognised. If facilities - 30% of proceeds or portfolio Indirect criteria is met, but no other Direct that meet the Direct criteria above or criteria is met at Financial Intermediary level, (ii) Funds - 30% of portfolio the pro-rata portion of the transaction value companies meet Direct criteria above. can be recognized.

¹² The 2X challenge is an initiative that was launched at the G7 Summit in 2018 as a commitment to inspire DFIs and private investors globally to invest in projects and businesses that mobilize gender equality by providing women in emerging economies with access to leadership opportunities, quality employment, and products and services that enhance their economic participation and overall financial inclusion.

¹³ 2X Challenge Criteria

2.2 Pure Play

If the use of proceeds is not specified or dedicated to facilitating a certain activity (general corporate purposes), eligibility of a transaction or asset for classification as sustainable finance under this Framework will be assessed based on the company profile.

Transactions are eligible if the company derives ≥ 90% of revenue or EBITDA from activities eligible under section 2.1.



2.3 Refinancing

The proceeds from the GSS instruments executed under this Framework can be used to finance or refinance, in part or in full, new and/or existing Eligible Assets.

Where the proceeds are used for refinancing, we will estimate the share of financing vs refinancing and will clarify the expected look-back period.



2.4 Process of Selection and Evaluation of Eligible Assets Screening and Selection of Eligible Assets

2.4.1 Screening and Selection of Eligible Assets

The Sustainable Finance team, together with the relevant originating business unit.

is responsible for initial screening of assets to determine eligibility under this Framework. The Group is establishing a Sustainable Finance Governance Framework ("SFG Framework") which will include the process for the selection and evaluation of Eligible GSS Assets and general purpose sustainability linked assets, as well as review and maintenance of the Eligible Asset Portfolio.

Eligible assets will be subject to the Group Environmental and Social ("ESMS") Management System screening process in the ordinary course of origination. The ESMS applies to the group's banking business in relation to commercial and corporate clients and is in the process of being extended to business banking clients. Once assets are determined to be eligible for categorisation as Green, Social or Sustainable, they will be tagged as Eligible Assets and included in an Eligible Asset Portfolio.

2.4.2 Approval of Eligible Assets for Transactions under this Framework

For each transaction contemplated under this Framework. the Sustainable Finance team will propose Eligible Assets for approval per the Group's SFG Framework. Approved Eligible Assets will be recorded in an Allocation Register maintained by the Sustainable Finance team in the jurisdiction of the SBG issuer/ borrower ("Allocation Register").

2.5 Management and tracking of proceeds

SBG intends to allocate the proceeds of instruments executed under this Framework, on a portfolio basis. Proceeds will be marked against the Allocation Register.

SBG will endeavour to achieve a level of allocation that matches or exceeds the value of net proceeds raised from transactions executed under this Framework. Each SBG issuer/ borrower will hold and/or invest any unallocated proceeds, at its own discretion, in its treasury liquidity portfolio, in cash or other short term and liquid instruments. SBG expects proceeds to be fully allocated to Eligible Assets within two years from the date raised.

Eligible Assets will be added to or removed from the Allocation Register to the extent required.

SBG will ensure that management and allocation of proceeds of Sustainable Financing raised is externally verified by an independent verification provider annually and reported on in its Report to Society suite of documents which will be made available on its website at: https://www.standardbank.com/sbg/standardbank-group/why-we-matter/reporting-to-society. In this regard, the independent verification provider will provide limited assurance that the management and allocation of proceeds is in accordance with this Sustainable Finance Framework.



2.6 Allocation and impact reporting



SBG will publish annual allocation and impact reporting with respect to transactions executed under this Framework, until full allocation is achieved.

SBG's allocation and impact reporting will be contained in SBG's ESG annual report which will be made available on its website at: https://www.standardbank.com/sbg/standard-bank-group/why-we-matter/reporting-to-society.

SBG intends to show the allocation and impact of transaction proceeds at least at category level and on an aggregated basis aligned with the portfolio approach described in the ICMA's "Handbook – Harmonised Framework for Impact Reporting (June 2023)" ¹⁴.

2.6.1 Allocation reporting

- The allocation report will detail the following information:
 - The total amount of proceeds allocated to Eligible Assets, including the amount allocated to each relevant Eligible Asset category
 - The number of Eligible Assets in each category
 - o The balance of unallocated proceeds

¹⁴ https://www.icmagroup.org/assets/documents/Sustainable-finance/2023-updates/Handbook-Harmonised-framework-for-impact-reporting-June-2023-220623.pdf

2.6.2 Indicative Impact Indicators

On an annual basis, the Group intends to report on the impact of the Eligible Assets by category from a social and environmental perspective, in line with the indicators suggested in the ICMA Harmonized Framework for Impact Reporting, subject to the availability of information and baseline data and subject to permitted disclosure in accordance with relevant confidentiality agreements and privacy, competition, or other relevant regulation.

Example impact indicators may include those below:

ELIGIBLE CATEGORY	INDICATIVE INDICATORS
GREEN	
Renewable Energy	 Total installed capacity (megawatts or kilowatts) Estimated annual GHG emissions reduced/ avoided, in tonnes CO₂ equivalent where possible
Electricity Distribution networks	 Improvement/increase in energy efficiency or avoidance of energy losses (e.g. MWh/ year) Estimated annual GHG emissions reduced/ avoided, in tonnes CO₂ equivalent where possible
Energy Efficiency	 Improvement/increase in energy efficiency (for example MWh/ year) Estimated annual GHG emissions reduced/ avoided, in tonnes CO₂ equivalent where possible Reduction in electricity/fuel usage
Pollution Prevention and Control	 Reduction in air emissions Reduction in waste volumes (% waste or absolute tonnes per year) Increase in volumes of waste re-used/recycled
Climate Change Adaptation	 Value of eligible infrastructure financed Description of the climate risks addressed, and resilience created
Green Buildings	 Number of green buildings financed Number of green housing units financed Type of certification/ level of certification
Sustainable Transportation	 Number of eligible vehicles financed Estimated annual GHG emissions reduced/ avoided, in tonnes CO₂ equivalent where possible
Sustainable Management of Natural Resources	 Improvement/increase in water efficiency (% or m3/year) Number of additional farming units sustainably certified
Terrestrial and Aquatic Biodiversity Conservation	 Value of eligible projects financed Description of the biodiversity, habitat or ecosystems that benefit from eligible projects
Sustainable Water	 Volumes of water supplied Improvement/increase in water efficiency (% or m3/year)

ELIGIBLE CATEGORY	INDICATIVE INDICATORS
Circular Economy	 Volumes of waste re-used, repurposed, or refurbished for re-use (% or absolute tonnes/year) Description of eligible projects
Blue Finance	Description of the positive impacts of eligible projects
Carbon Financing	 Number/value of carbon credits financed Number/value of carbon credits created by projects financed Carbon emissions removed from the atmosphere
SOCIAL	
Affordable Housing	 Number of affordable housing home loans financed Number of additional affordable housing units developed
Access to Essential Services	 Value of eligible projects financed, and number of people provided with access to essential services Description of the social services provided by eligible projects
Affordable Basic Infrastructure	 Value of eligible projects financed, and number of people provided with access to affordable basic infrastructure Description of the infrastructure and social benefits provided by eligible projects
Employment Generation, and Programs Designed to Prevent and/or Alleviate Unemployment Stemming from Socioeconomic Crises, including through the potential effect of SME Financing and Microfinance	 Number of micro, small and medium enterprises financed Number of eligible individuals provided with financial services Estimated number of jobs created
Food Security and Sustainable Food Systems	 Value of eligible projects financed Description of the food security benefits and beneficiaries associated with eligible projects
Socio-economic Advancement and Empowerment	 Number of eligible loans to development institutions Number of 2X challenge loans Value of eligible loans to identified target populations



2.7 External review

2.7.1 Second Party Opinion

This Framework has been reviewed by Sustainalytics, an institution with appropriate environmental, social and sustainability expertise and experience that is independent from SBG and with a track record in issuing Second Party Opinions (SPO). This SPO and any future SPOs issued in respect of the Framework will be made available (together with this Framework) on SBG's website

https://reporting.standardbank.com/resultsreports/sustainability/.

2.7.2 Verification

this Framework on an annual portfolio basis until full allocation, SBG will obtain an annual limited assurance report on the compliance of the management and allocation of the proceeds with this Framework from an external assurance provider. The report will be included in SBG's Report to Society suite of documents which will be made available on its website at: https://www.standardbank.com/sbg/standardbank-group/why-we-matter/reporting-to-society.



Disclaimers

SBG will on an ongoing basis review the Sustainable Finance Framework and update it where improvements are deemed necessary or desirable or where SBG wishes to extend the reach to further Eligible Projects.

Where the Sustainable Finance Framework is updated, SBG shall ensure that a new second party opinion is obtained to cover the updates made. The new and updated second party opinion will also be made publicly available on SBG's website at: https://reporting.standardbank.com/results-reports/sustainability/. The information contained in this Sustainable Finance Framework is subject to verification, completion and change.

This Sustainable Finance Framework has been prepared by Standard Bank Group Limited and its subsidiaries, including The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited (the "Group"). This Sustainable Finance Framework is being provided to you solely for your information and may not be distributed to the press or any other person, and may not be reproduced in any form, in whole or in part. Failure to comply with this restriction may constitute a violation of applicable laws.

No representation or warranty, expressed or implied, is given by, or on behalf of, the Group or any of the Group's directors, officers or employees or any other person as to the accuracy or completeness of the information or opinions contained in this Sustainable Finance Framework and no liability whatsoever is accepted by the Group or any of the Group's directors, officers or employees or any other person for any loss.

The Sustainable Finance Framework does not constitute or form part of and should not be construed as, an offer to sell or issue or the solicitation of an offer to buy or acquire any securities of the Group in any jurisdiction or an inducement to enter into investment activity in any jurisdiction.

This Sustainable Finance Framework shall not form the basis of, or be relied on in connection with, any contract or commitment or investment decision whatsoever. Investors and/or prospective investors in the securities of the Group are required to make their own independent investigation and appraisal of the business and financial condition of the Group.

This Sustainable Finance Framework does not constitute a recommendation regarding any securities of the Group. Any prospective purchaser of securities in the Group is recommended to seek its own independent financial advice.

South African Residents

Standard Bank Group (Reg.No. 1969/017128/06) and The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited (Reg.No.1962/000738/06) is regulated by the South African Reserve Bank. The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited is an Authorised Financial Services Provider and Credit Provider.

United States Residents

Neither this presentation nor any copy of it nor any statement herein may be taken or transmitted into the United States or distributed, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to any U.S. person except where those U.S. persons are, or are believed to be, (a) qualified institutions acting in their capacity as holders of fiduciary accounts for the benefit or account of non U.S. persons (as such terms are defined in Regulation S under the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act")) or (b) qualified institutional buyers within the meaning of Rule 144A under the Securities Act.

Hong Kong Residents

Standard Advisory Asia Limited is licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission under the Securities and Futures Ordinance in Hong Kong. Any investments and services contained or referred to in this presentation may not be suitable for you and it is recommended that you consult an independent investment advisor if you are in doubt about such investments or investment services.

Dubai Residents

The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited (Dubai Branch) is authorised and regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (register number F002907). Within the Dubai International Financial Centre the financial products or services to which this marketing material relates will only be made available to Professional Clients, including a Market Counterparty, who meet the regulatory criteria of being a Client.



